

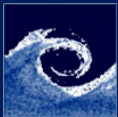


# Laboratory tasks I.

Unsteadyness

Balogh  
Miklós

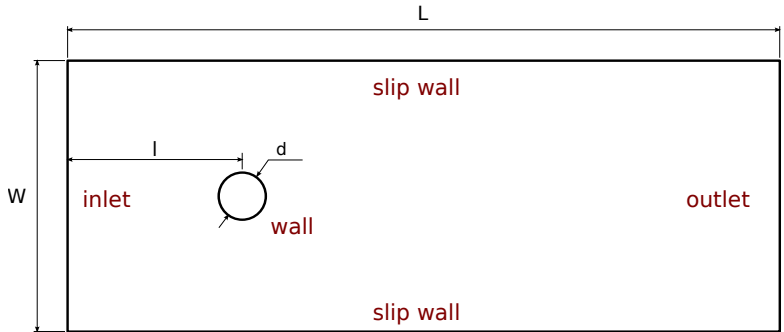
- 1 Create the geometry and mesh for the vortex street simulation
  - Make a copy the cavity case with a new name (e.g. vonKarman)
  - Modify the mesh (blockMeshDict) according to the geometry (figures on the two next slides)
    - $L = 40m$ ,  $W = 20m$ ,  $l = 10m$ ,  $d = 2m$
    - Interval numbers in x:  $n_{xu} = 48$ ,  $n_{xc} = 30$ ,  $n_{xd} = 71$
    - Interval numbers in y:  $n_{yb} = 48$ ,  $n_{yc} = 30$ ,  $n_{yt} = 48$
    - Interval grading in x:  $g_{xu} = 0.1075$ ,  $g_{xc} = 1$ ,  $g_{xd} = 28$
    - Interval grading in y:  $g_{yb} = 0.1075$ ,  $g_{yc} = 1$ ,  $g_{yt} = 9.3$
  - Create, check and visualize the mesh

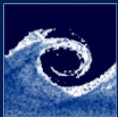


# Laboratory tasks I. - Geometry

Unsteadyness

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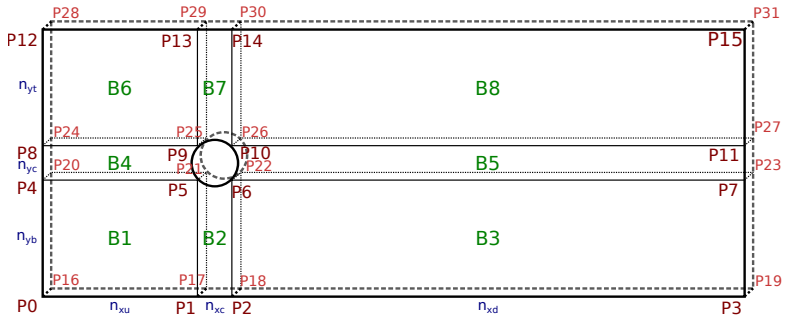




# Laboratory tasks I. - Mesh blocks

Unsteadyness

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## Laboratory tasks II.

### Unsteadyness

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- 2 Modify BC-s ( $0/U$  and  $0/p$ ) according to the geometry ( $U = U_x = 1$ )
- 3 Modify the viscosity (in transportProperties), according to  $Re = 400$
- 4 Modify system/controlDict (according to the CFL,  $U_{max} = 2ms^{-1}$ ,  $\Delta x_{min} = 0.045$ )
- 5 Run the simulation (using icoFoam, redirecting to a log,  $t_{end} = 100s$ )
- 6 Calculates vorticity and Courant number (commands: vorticity, Co)
- 7 Visualize the results (vorticity, Courant number, pressure, streamlines)

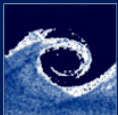


# Assignments

## Unsteadyness

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- 1 What is the total volume of domain in the von Karman vortex street case?
- 2 Where should be positioned a line source of the streamlines for the best visual experience?
- 3 Why could not simpleFoam results a convergent solution for this problem?
- 4 How could you increase the Reynolds number? List 3 possibilities!
- 5 Which way could you improve the mesh? List 3 of them!



# Homework

## Unsteadyness

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- 1 Create a refined O-grid (12 blocks) for the von Karman vortex street case, with
  - $L = 200, l = 40$
  - Small cell expansion in the wake.
  - Fine surface mesh for the cylinder
- 2 Compare the results to the basic case